

1. Which one of the following is not a directive principle of state policy?
 - (a) Organization of village panchayat
 - (b) Uniform civil code for citizens and non-citizens
 - (c) Right to work to education and to public assistance in certain case
 - (d) Separation of judiciary from executive
2. When a writ is issued to an inferior court or tribunal on the ground of exceeding its jurisdiction or acting contrary to the rules of natural justice. It is called a writ of
 - (a) Certiorari
 - (b) Prohibition
 - (c) Mandamus
 - (d) Quo warranto
3. Which article of the constitution of India confers power to grant pardons on the governor of a state?
 - (a) Article 151
 - (b) Article 161
 - (c) Article 163
 - (d) Article 171
4. In preamble of the constitution, the people of India resolved to constitute India into
 - (a) Sovereign democratic republic
 - (b) Sovereign socialist democratic republic
 - (c) Sovereign socialist secular democratic republic
 - (d) Sovereign secular democratic republic
5. Article 24 of the constitution prohibits employment of children in any factory or mine or in any hazardous employment below the age of
 - (a) Eighteen years
 - (b) Twelve years
 - (c) Fourteen years
 - (d) Sixteen years
6. The power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remission of punishment etc. under article 72 of constitution is exercised by the President of India
 - (a) On the advice of the Prime Minister
 - (b) On his own as head of the union
 - (c) On the advice of the council of ministers
 - (d) On the advice of the law minister
7. Constitution of Panchayat is given underof the Constitution of India
 - (a) Article 243B
 - (b) Article 243O
 - (c) Article 243W
 - (d) Article 243A
8. Constitution of India : the right to vote in India is-
 - (a) Fundamental right
 - (b) Natural right
 - (c) Constitutional right
 - (d) Legal right
9. According to the constitution of India the term "District Judge" shall not include
 - (a) Chief Presidency Magistrate
 - (b) Session Judge
 - (c) Chief Judicial Magistrate
 - (d) Chief Judge of Small Cause Court.
10. Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment?
 - (a) is available to all citizen of India.
 - (b) is available to all resident of India
 - (c) is available to person of India origin irrespective of their citizenship
 - (d) is not provided in the constitution to anyone.
11. Under Section-3 of the T.P. Act, 1882, 'Attested' in relation to an instrument means attested by at least witness
 - (a) One witness
 - (b) Two witnesses
 - (c) Three witnesses
 - (d) Two or more witnesses
12. Under T.P. Act, a mortgage by deposit of title deeds is called
 - (a) Anomalous mortgage
 - (b) English mortgage
 - (c) Equitable mortgage
 - (d) Usufructuary mortgage
13. Under T.P. Act, which of the following mortgage with value of Rs. 100/- or above is not compulsory registrable?
 - (a) Simple mortgage
 - (b) Mortgage by Conditional Sale
 - (c) English Mortgage
 - (d) Mortgage by Deposit of Title-deeds
14. According to Section 122 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 property includes
 - (a) Only movable property
 - (b) Only immovable property
 - (c) Both movable and immovable property
 - (d) Agricultural Land only
15. Transfer of Property Act: The doctrine of "lis pendens" is explained in famous case of-
 - (a) Musahur Sahu v. Hakim Lal
 - (b) Muhammad Shafi v. Muhammad Sayed
 - (c) Tulk v. Moxhay
 - (d) Bellamy v. Sabine.

16. Transfer of Property Act :-"Transfer of Property" does not include?
(a) Sale (b) lease
(c) will (d) gift.
17. What is the effect of "Holding over"?
(a) The lease becomes illegal
(b) The lease is renewed
(c) The lease becomes extinguished
(d) The lease becomes void
18. The Court may compel the attendance of any person to whom a summons has been issued under Section-30 of CPC and for that purpose may
(a) issue a warrant for his arrest
(b) attach and sell his property or it impose a fine upon him
(c) order to furnish security for his appearance and in default commit him to the civil person
(d) do all of the above
19. Under Civil Procedure Code Pleading does not include
(a) Pleat (b) Written Statement
(c) Evidence (d) Material Facts
20. Under Civil Procedure Code at the first hearing of the suit, the Court must
(a) Frame and record issues
(b) Record the evidence of plaintiff
(c) Ascertain whether the allegations in the pleadings are admitted or denied
(d) All of the above
21. Application under Order 9, Rule 7 of CPC to set aside the order of ex-parte proceeding may be filed
(a) within 30 days
(b) within 60 days
(c) within 90 days
(d) At or before the date fixed for hearing
22. Under order 7 Rule 11 of the CPC 1908. The pleat shall not be rejected
(a) where it discloses cause of action
(b) where the suit appears from the statement in the pleat to be barred by any law
(c) where the plaintiff fails to comply with the provision of Rule
(d) where it is not filed in duplicate
23. Under Civil Procedure Code on death of either parties to the suit after conclusion of hearing and before pronouncement of Judgment the suit
(a) shall abate
(b) shall not abate
(c) may abate with the permission of Court
(d) none of the above
24. Decree shall be deemed to include the rejection of a pleat and the determination of any question within Section 144 of C.P.C.
(a) Wrong
(b) Right
(c) It includes rejection of pleat but does not include the determination of any question within Section 144 of C.P.C.
(d) It includes determination of any question within Section 144 but shall not include the rejection of a pleat
25. Caveat shall not remain in force after expiry of-
(a) Ninety days (b) Sixty days
(c) Thirty days (d) Fifteen days
26. Whether an issue heard finally decided by a competent court of limited jurisdiction, shall operate as resjudicata in a subsequent suit that the aforesaid court was not competent to try?
(a) No
(b) Yes
(c) Answer would depend upon the nature of the issue
(d) None of these
27. Under section 34 of C.P.C. court can award interest from the date of decree to the date of payment or such earlier date as the court thinks fit. Rate of such interest shall not exceed... per annum.
(a) Nine percent (b) Ten percent
(c) Six percent (d) Twelve percent
28. In a suit, which relates to a railway, the authority to be named as pleatiff or defendant shall be-
(a) The General Manager of the Railway
(b) A Secretary to the Central Government
(c) The Collector of the District
(d) The Station Master of the Railway

29. In which condition the officer in charge of the prison may refuse to produce the prisoner for evidence despite court's order-
- (a) Where the prisoner is related to Ruling party
 - (b) Where the prisoner is EX-Minister
 - (c) Where the prisoner is Government Servant
 - (d) Where Medical officer has certified that prisoner is unfit to be removed.
30. During the proceeding of execution of a decree, a question arises as to whether any person is or not the representative of a party, such question shall be determined by-
- (a) The Court which passed the decree
 - (b) The Court executing the decree
 - (c) The appellate Court
 - (d) A Separate Suit
31. After the passing of decree for payment of money, on the application of the judgement debtor court shall not order that payment of amount of decree shall be made by installments-
- (a) Without recording evidence of both parties
 - (b) Without obtaining affidavits from both parties
 - (c) Without obtaining documents regarding the financial position of the debtor
 - (d) Without of consent of decree holder
32. During service of summons defendant was found absent from his residence and within reasonable time no chance to get back at his residence, service of the summons may be made on-
- (a) On servant
 - (b) Minor daughter
 - (c) Adult son
 - (d) Minimum
33. Under Indian Contract Act, where both parties are under mistake as to matter of fact, the agreement is
- (a) void
 - (b) valid
 - (c) voidable
 - (d) illegal
34. Under Indian Contract Act 'A' agreed to pay 'B' rupees 500 for giving false evidence in his favour and afterwards refused to pay
- (a) 'B' can compel 'A' to pay the agreed sum as the contract was valid
 - (b) 'B' cannot claim money as the contract was void because it was intended to defeat the legal process
 - (c) 'B' cannot claim the money because the contract was voidable at the option of 'A'
 - (d) 'B' can claim the money as the contract was neither void nor voidable
35. Indian Contract Act : Inadequacy of consideration is relevant in determining the question of –
- (a) Fraud
 - (b) Misrepresentation.
 - (c) Undue influence
 - (d) Free consent.
36. Indian Contract Act :- 'A' enters into a contract with 'B' to sell him 100 bales of cotton, and afterwards discovers that 'B' was acting as agent for 'C'. For the price of the cotton 'A' may sue-
- (a) Only against 'C' or both
 - (b) Only against 'B')
 - (c) against 'B' nor 'C'
 - (d) neither against 'B' nor 'C'
37. Indian Contract Act: Two parties entered into contract. They later realized that there was a mistake in their understanding of law as applicable in India. This make their contract
- (a) None est
 - (b) void
 - (c) Voidable
 - (d) Not voidable.
38. An agreement to 'sale of goodwill' for a specified area, to which the purchaser agreed is.....
- (a) Void
 - (b) Voidable
 - (c) Valid
 - (c) None of the above.
39. A employs B to beat C and agrees to indemnify him against all the consequences of the act. B thereupon beats C, B is sued for damages by C, which is correct in given options
- (a) A is liable to indemnify B for those damages
 - (b) Only A is liable to C to pay those damages
 - (c) A is not liable to indemnify B for those damages.
 - (d) None of the above.
40. A contract is void if
- (a) it is caused by fraud
 - (b) it is caused by coercion
 - (c) its consideration is unlawful
 - (d) All of these

41. Which section of the Specific Relief Act, 1963 provides about specific performance of a Contract which cannot be specifically enforced?
(a) Under Section 14 (b) Under Section 15
(c) Under Section 16 (d) Under Section 41
42. In which condition an injunction can be granted under Specific Relief Act, 1963?
(a) to restrain any person from instituting or prosecuting in a criminal matter
(b) to restrain any person from applying to any legislative body
(c) when the plaintiff has a personal interest in the matter
(d) to prevent the breach of a contract the performance of which would not be specifically enforced
43. Which of the following facts is not correct under Section 14-A of Specific Relief Act?
(a) The Report of expert shall form part of the record
(b) The opinion of expert may not form part of the record
(c) The court may require or direct any person to give relevant information to expert.
(d) The expert shall be entitled to such fee, cost or expense as he court may fix.
44. In a suit for specific performance of contract, in which compensation has not been claimed. Fresh suit for compensation
(a) is maintainable
(b) is barred
(c) is maintainable if filed within limitation.
(d) None of these.
45. Declaratory decree is binding only on
(a) parties to the suit
(b) parties and their representative claiming through them.
(c) trustee
(d) All of these
46. Appeal against a decree can be filed in High Court within
(a) 90 days (b) 30 days
(c) 120 days (d) 45 days
47. Section 6 of Limitation Act does apply in case of?
(a) Illness (b) Poverty
(c) Minority (d) None of the above.
48. Any suit for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in the Schedule of the Limitation Act, the limitation would be-
(a) One Year (b) Three Year
(c) Five Year (d) Twelve years
49. Under Limitation Act, the period of limitation for any suit or application shall be deemed to be extended for a maximum period offrom the death of the person affected by disability-
(a) One year (b) two years
(c) three years (d) twelve years
50. Under Section 21 of Limitation Act, 1963 when the suit shall be deemed to have been instituted as against the newly impleaded defendant-
(a) From the date of filing of the suit
(b) From the date of filing of application to implead him as defendant
(c) The date on which he was impleaded
(d) None of them.
51. Which one is correct Under Section 2(a) of the MP Accommodation control Act, "accommodation" means any building or part of a building and includes
(a) any land which is being used for agricultural purpose
(b) garden, grounds, garages and out houses
(c) any furniture supplied by the landlord for use in such building
(d) all of the above
52. Which one of the following proposition is correct about Section 14 of the
(a) Tenant may sub-let the whole or any part of the accommodation held by him as tenant without consent of the Landlord.
(b) Tenant may not sub-let the accommodation held by him without the previous oral consent of the Landlord.
(c) Tenant shall not sub-let the accommodation held by him without the previous consent in writing of the Landlord
(d) None of the above

53. M.P. Accommodation Control Act does not apply to
(a) Government Property
(b) Non agricultural Land
(c) Property of Local Authority used to residential purpose
(d) All of the above
54. The Standard Rent shall be fixed for tenancy of
(a) 6 months (b) 11 months
(c) 12 months (d) No limit
55. In case of composite tenancy of residential and non-residential purposes, landlord can seek eviction of tenant
(a) by proving need for residential purpose
(b) by proving need for non-residential purpose
(c) by providing need for any purpose
(d) by filing a suit under the special provision as contained in Section 20 of the Act
56. If a tenant fails to deposit or pay any amount as required under section 13 of accommodation control act
(a) court shall order to cost
(b) court shall pass decree against tenant
(c) court shall initiate punishment proceeding against defendant
(d) court may order the defence against eviction to be struck out
57. Which Section of the M.P. L.R.C. provides for appointment of kotwars and their duties?
(a) Section 224 (b) Section 230
(c) Section 234 (d) Section 243
58. Under M.P. Land Revenue Code, "Agriculture Year" means the year commencing on the First Day of?
(a) January (b) April
(c) July (d) October
59. Who will decide the dispute relating to demarcation and maintenance of boundary lines?
(a) Tahsildar
(b) Sub-Divisional Officer
(c) Collector
(d) Commissioner
60. Reinstatement of bhumiswami improperly dispossessed can be made under which Section of M.P. Land Revenue Code
(a) Section-248 (b) Section-250
(c) Section-250-b (d) Section-253
61. Boundaries of all villages shall be fixed and demarcated by permanent boundary marks, is provided in
(a) under section 121 of Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code.
(b) under section 124 of Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code.
(c) under section 125 of Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code.
(d) under section 126 of Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code.
62. Failure to vacate land in favour of allottee of land would be an offence punishable with imprisonment for maximum period of
(a) 6 months (b) 1 year
(c) 3 months (d) 3 years
63. Test identification parade conducted during investigation of a case is admissible in evidence under which of the Section of the Evidence Act?
(a) Section 6
(b) Section 7
(c) Section 8
(d) Section 9
64. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 reports published in Newspaper are
(a) Primary evidence and its contents are admissible in evidence without any proof
(b) Secondary evidence and its contents are not admissible in evidence without proper proof of the contents under the Evidence Act
(c) Neither Primary nor secondary evidence
(d) No evidence at all
65. The opinion of examiner of electronic evidence is a relevant fact under which provision of the Indian Evidence Act?
(a) 45A (b) 47 A
(c) 65 A (d) 65B

66. Under Indian Evidence Act 1872 for raising presumption in respect of an electronic record that electronic signature on the record which purports to be that of any particular person was so affixed by him, the record shall be
- (a) 3 years old (b) 6 years old
(c) 5 years old (d) 10 years old
67. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 for proving execution of a registered will
- (a) be necessary to call at least two attesting witnesses
(b) be necessary to call at least one attesting witness
(c) be necessary to call the executant
(d) be necessary to call the registrar
68. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 what number of witnesses will be required for the proof of any fact?
- (a) No Particular number
(b) At least one eye witness
(c) Two witnesses
(d) Party and one Eyewitness
69. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 the statement of hostile witness
- (a) is irrelevant
(b) can be acted upon
(c) cannot be acted upon
(d) has no evidentiary value
70. Which is not a public document?
- (a) Documents forming the records of the Acts, of foreign country
(b) Documents forming the records of Tribunal
(c) Documents forming the records of the Commonwealth
(d) Documents forming the records of the Commonwealth
71. An evidence given by a dumb witness in an open court is.....
- (a) Section 114 of the Evidence Act
(b) Section 114B of the Evidence Act
(c) Section 376 of the IPC
(d) Section 114A of the Evidence Act
72. Presumption as to absence of consent in certain prosecutions of rape cases is raised by———
- (a) Section 114 of the Evidence Act
(b) Section 114 B of the Evidence Act
(c) Section 376 of the IPC
(d) Section 114A of the Evidence Act
73. Which of the following statement is correct with respect to an accomplice?
- (a) An accomplice shall not be a competent witness against an accused person.
(b) An accomplice shall be a competent witness against an accused person
(c) No conviction shall be made based on the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice
(d) An accomplice's testimony shall always be corroborated
74. Which statement is incorrect?
- (a) In cross examination a witness may be asked questions which tend to discover what is his position in life.
(b) In cross examination a witness may be asked question which tend to test his veracity.
(c) Witnesses to character shall not be re-examined.
(d) In cross examination a witness may be asked questions which tend to discover who he is.
75. Indian Evidence Act 1872 :
- (a) 'A' agrees absolutely in writing to pay 'B' Rs. 1000 on the 1st March, 2010. the fact that at the same time an oral agreement was made that the money should not be paid till the thirty-first March, cannot be proved.
(b) 'A' Sells 'B' a horse and verbally warrants him sound. 'A' gives 'B' a paper in these words "Bought of 'A', a horse for Rs.500". 'B' may prove the verbal warranty.
- Code:**
- (a) (A) incorrect, (B) correct
(b) (B) incorrect, (A) correct
(c) Both correct
(d) Both incorrect

76. Under Section 45 of Evidence Act, Opinion of expert witness is.....
- (a) A conclusive proof
(b) is not relevant
(c) is not admissible
(d) is not a conclusive proof
77. Presumption as to electronic agreements is provided in section.....of Evidence Act.
- (a) 85 (b) 85-A
(c) 85-B (d) 85-C
78. To constitute an offence of criminal conspiracy under I.P.C. what is the necessary condition to be proved?
- (a) There must be a prior meeting of two or more persons.
(b) There must be an agreement of two or more persons to do an illegal act or to do a legal act by illegal means.
(c) A person does an illegal act with the help of two or more persons.
(d) Two or more persons commit a crime on a sudden provocation with guilty mind.
79. Under Section 498 A cruelty means mental and physical torture-
- (a) Right
(b) Wrong
(c) Only demand of dowry includes
(d) Only physical torture includes
80. 'A' in good faith says of a book published by 'Z' that Z's book is indecent, 'Z' must be a man of impure mind. Is this defamation punishable u/s 500 of IPC?
- (a) Yes, because the opinion respects 'Z's character
(b) No, because it falls within one of the exceptions of Section 499 of IPC
(c) No, because it is slander
(d) No, because it has not been repeated
81. 'A' makes an attempt to pick the pocket of 'B' by putting his hand into 'B's pocket. A fails in attempt in consequence of 'B's having nothing in his pocket. A is guilty of-
- (a) None offence (b) Theft
(c) Attempt of theft (d) Using criminal force
82. Even after clear indication of disinterest shown by a woman to man, if such man follows her, then under which circumstance it would not constitute offence of stalking? '
- (a) It was pursued under a law
(b) One sided love affair
(c) Due to a commercial transaction
(d) None of the above
83. Which of the following Section of Indian Penal Code is related to the offence of "Voyeurism"?
- (a) 354A (b) 354B
(c) 354C (d) 354D
84. After the amendment by Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013 to the Indian Penal Code the offence of Gang-rape is punishable under Section
- (a) 376(2)(g) (b) 376B
(c) 376C (d) 376D
85. Whoever kidnaps or abducts any child with intention of taking dishonestly any movable property from the person of such child, shall be punished under Section 369 of IPC if the child is under
- (a) ten years (b) twelve years
(c) fourteen years (d) sixteen years
86. 'A' declares that she wants to commit suicide and runs towards a well but is caught and stopped by 'B' from jumping into the well. 'A' is guilty of which offence under Indian Penal Code?
- (a) Attempt to commit suicide
(b) Attempt to commit culpable homicide
(c) Preparation to commit suicide
(d) No offence
87. Indian Penal Code 'A' with the intention of causing the death of a child of tender age, exposes it in deserted place, but death of the child does not ensue 'A' has committed an offence of
- (a) Attempt to Murder
(b) Attempt to cause grievous injury
(c) No offence has been committed
(d) Attempt to cause simple hurt

88. Removal of ornaments dishonestly from the body of deceased person is
- Robbery under Section 392 of IPC
 - Theft under Section 379 of IPC
 - Cheating under Section 417 of IPC
 - An offence under Section 404 of IPC
89. A holds Z down, and fraudulently takes Z's money and jewels from Z's clothes, without Z's consent. For doing aforesaid A voluntarily caused wrongful restraint to Z. A committed.
- Theft
 - Robbery
 - Dacoity
 - Cheating
90. Out of these offence against property, the right of private defence is not available?
- Criminal breach of trust
 - Criminal trespass
 - Robbery
 - attempt to commit mischief
91. 'A' poor student finds a latter on the road containing a bank-note from the content and direction of later he learns whom the note belongs 'A' uses that note for buying some books 'A' has committed
- the offence of dishonest Misappropriation of property
 - the offence of theft
 - No offence
 - the offence of criminal breach of trust
92. An offence is punishable with imprisonment as well as fine the maximum punishment in default of fine which can be given is
- Rigorous
 - Simple
 - According to discretion of Court
 - Partly rigorous & simple
93. Under Section 2(L) of Cr.P.C. the "Non-cognizable Case/Offence" means a case in which
- A Police Officer has authority to arrest without warrant
 - A Police Officer has no authority to arrest without warrant
 - A Police Officer above the rank of Dy. S.P. has power to arrest without warrant
 - None of above is correct
94. Under Cr.P.C., Police Officer may arrest any person without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant
- who commits a cognizable offence in the presence of a Police Officer
 - who has been proclaimed as an offender either under this Code or by order of the State Government
 - who obstructs a Police Officer while in the execution of his lawful duty
 - in above all circumstances
95. Under Section 125 of Cr.P.C.
- A daughter can be asked to maintain her father.
 - A father can be asked to maintain his minor child,
 - A son can be asked to maintain his father.
 - All of the above
96. In relation to FIR lodged under Section 154 of Cr.P.C. which of the following statement is not correct?
- It is not a substantive evidence
 - it merely marks the beginning of the investigation
 - it cannot be used as a previous statement for any purpose
 - the informant need not be an eye witness
97. When the person who would otherwise be competent to compound an offence under Section 320 of Cr.P.C. is dead, then—
- Legal representative of such person as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 can compound the offence with the permission of the Court.
 - Offence can be compounded by any alive eye witness.
 - Offence cannot be compounded after the death of person.
 - Legal representative of such person as defined in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908, can compound the offence with the consent of the Court.

98. Under Section 357A (2) of Criminal Procedure Code which of the Authority is authorised to decide quantum of compensation?
- (a) Sessions Judge
(b) Legal Service Authority
(c) Chief judicial Magistrate
(d) District Magistrate Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
99. Whenever a Magistrate is of opinion, after hearing the evidence for prosecution that the accused is guilty and that he ought to receive a severe punishment, than such Magistrate is empowered to inflict, the magistrate may forward the case to-
- (a) Session Judge
(b) Chief judicial Magistrate
(c) District Magistrate
(d) Concerned Police Station
100. The maximum term of imprisonment awardable in a summary trial is-
- (a) Three months (b) Six months
(c) One year (d) Two years
101. If in a criminal appeal an accused dies and his near relatives wish to continue, within how much time they must apply?
- (a) Four months (b) Three months
(c) Sixty days (d) Thirty days
102. When will proceeding be vitiated if the Magistrate is not empowered to do so?
- (a) To issue a search warrant U/S 94 of Cr.P.C.
(b) To hold an inquiry U/S 176 of Cr.P.C.
(c) Tries an offender summarily
(d) to tender a pardon under Section 306 of Cr.P.C.
103. 'A' signs instruments in the following terms, which instruments are promissory note under Section 4 of the N.I. Act 1881?
- (a) I promise to pay 'B' or order Rs. 500
(b) I promise to pay 'B' Rs. 5000/- and all other some which shall be due to him.
(c) I promise to pay 'B' Rs. 5000/- first deducting there out any money which he may own me.
(d) I promise to pay 'B' Rs. 5000/- ten days after my marriage with 'C'
104. Under Section 143 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, trial shall be concluded within months from the date of filing of the complaint.
- (a) 2 (b) 4
(c) 6 (d) 8
105. The cognizance of offence under Section 138 of N.I. Act can be taken by the JMFC having territorial jurisdiction at the
- (a) Place of the issuance of the cheque
(b) Place of the delivery of the statutory notice.
(c) Place when the complainant chooses to present the cheque for encashment by his Bank
(d) Place where the cheque is dishonoured by the bank on which it is Drawn
106. Which Section provides that the offences under the Negotiable instruments Act are compoundable?
- (a) Section 137 (b) Section 141
(c) Section 147 (d) Section 149
107. Offences under the Negotiable Instruments Act are triable by
- (a) Sessions Judge
(b) Judicial Magistrate First Class
(c) Executive Magistrate
(d) Judicial Magistrate Second Class
108. In M.P. offence under section 317 and 318 of IPC is triable by which Court.....
- (a) Judicial Magistrate First Class
(b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
(c) Court of Session
(d) Chief Metropolitan Magistrate
109. When can a trial court release an accused on bail under section 389(3) of Cr.P.C. after conviction?
- (a) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 3 years
(b) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 5 years
(c) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 4 years
(d) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 2 years

110. An application filed under section 257 of Criminal Procedure Code is allowed, so the accused will be
 (a) Released (b) Discharged
 (c) Convicted (d) Acquitted
111. According to W.H.O. was first discovered in 1976, that spread among the human population via direct contact with blood or bodily fluids from infected person.
 (a) Ebola virus (b) HIV virus
 (c) Dengue virus (d) Swine ùue
112. Which two Rivers are originated from Amarkantak.
 (a) Nannada & Tapti (b) Betwa & Narmada
 (c) Son & Narmada (d) Kshipra & Son
113. The largest number of Tiger reserves are located in
 (a) Karnataka (b) Andhra Pradesh
 (c) Madhya Pradesh (d) West Bengal
114. 'Madhubani' a style of folk painting is popular in which of the following states in India?
 (a) Uttar Pradesh (b) Rajasthan
 (c) Madhya Pradesh (d) Bihar
115. Who propounded the theory that "the earth moves around the sun"?
 (a) Einstein (b) Copernicus
 (c) Graham Bell (d) Galileo
116. First Indian President of International Court of Justice was
 (a) Justice Nagendra Singh
 (b) Justice A.K. Mathur
 (c) Justice P.N. Bhagwati
 (d) Justice S.M. Skiri
117. Which of the following Articles prohibits the surcharge on the GST?
 (a) Article 269 (b) Article 270
 (c) Article 271 (d) Article 272
118. Which of the following statements regarding Estimates Committee correct?
 A Rajya Sabha has no representation
 B Term of office is 2 years
 C Chairman is appointed by Lok Sabha speaker
 D A minister cannot be appointed as member
 E It has 30 members
- Code:**
 (a) A,B,C,D,E (b) A,C,D,E
 (c) B,E (d) B,C
119. Gonda tribe are found in
 1. Andhra Pradesh
 2. Odisha
 3. Chattisgarh
 4. Jammu and Kashmir
Code:
 (a) 1, 4 (b) 3,4
 (c) 2,4 (d) 1,2,3
120. Group of stars:
 (a) orbit (b) Constellation
 (c) Solar system (d) Come
121. The fixed of Indian Constitution deals with the Administration and control of schedule areas and schedule tribe in the four state of
 (a) Manipur, Mizoram, Tripura and Nagaland
 (b) Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura, Mizoram
 (c) Assam, Meghalaya, Arunanchal Pradesh, Nagaland
 (d) Assam, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland
122. Who was the first known Gupta ruler?
 (a) Srigupta (b) Chandragupta-I
 (c) Chandragupta (d) Kumargupta-I
123. Which country is the leading producer of Coconut?
 (a) India (b) Indonesia
 (c) Malaysia (d) Thailand
124. Parkinson's disease relates to
 (a) Nervous System (b) Bones
 (c) Eyes (d) Chest
125. Jamshed-e-Navroz festival is celebrated by
 (a) By Sikh Community
 (b) By Hindu Community
 (c) By Buddha Community
 (d) By Parsi Community
126. Pulitzer prize is given in the field of
 (a) Music (b) Game
 (c) Journalism (d) Chemistry
127. Who is the chairman of National Information commission?
 (a) J. Adarsh Goyal (b) Bimal Julka
 (c) Shakti Kant Das (d) Shusheel Chandra

128. The temples of Khajuraho were built by rulers of which dynasty?
(a) Cholas (b) Pallavs
(c) Chandellas (d) Rashtrakutas
129. Who is the author of the book "I do, What I do"??
(a) Shashi Tharoor (b) Naseeruddin Shah
(c) Raghuram Rajan (d) Chetan Bhagat
130. Which of the following day is celebrated as National Javelin Day in India?
(a) 6 August (b) 7 August
(c) 9 August (d) 10 August
131. Which is not the application software
(a) Thumb drive
(b) Web browsers
(c) Word Processing Programs
(d) Spreadsheet
132. As per classification which cannot be called "Computer"
(a) Workstations (b) Mainframe
(c) Mini compute (d) Uhuntu
133. The acronym HTML stands for
(a) High Transfer Machine Language
(b) High Transmission Markup Language
(c) Hypertext Markup Language
(d) Hypermedia Markup Language
134. Who invented Computer?
(a) Charles Babbage (b) Galileo Galilei
(c) Peter Heintein (d) None of these
135. Which of the following can be used to select documents?
(a) CTRL+A (b) CTRL+ S
(c) Shift+A (d) ALT+ F5
136. Computer Language JAVA was developed by
(a) IMB (b) Microsoft
(c) Infosystem (d) Sun micro system
137. A person who uses his or her expertise to gain access to another Person's Computers to get information illegally or to do damage is a?
(a) Spammer (b) Hacker
(c) Programmer (d) Analyst
138. Which of the following comprise the input devices?
(a) key board
(b) mouse
(c) both key board and mouse
(d) none of the these
139. Which of the following lies within the CPU?
(a) primary memory (b) secondary memory
(c) mouse (d) keyboard
140. In computing, 1 nibble is equal to.....?
(a) 4 bit (b) 4 bytes
(c) 8 bytes (d) 4 kilo bytes
141. Which word is nearest in the meaning to the 'Esoteric'
(a) Fair (b) Popular
(c) Alluring (d) Private
142. One who does not believe in God is called
(a) Theist (b) Atheist
(c) Optimist (d) Heretic
143. If you smuggle goods into the country, those may be by the custom authority
(a) Punished (b) Fined
(c) Possessed (d) Confiscated
144. He preferred Cricket any other sport.
(a) To (b) Against
(c) Over (d) than
145. For the given capitalized word, pick the option that is closest in meaning CORCE
(a) enhance (b) compel
(c) instigate (d) lure
146. In which of the following cases, a transfer of immovable property can be made without writing-
(a) Sale of property of a value more than Rs. 100
(b) Lease for a term of 11 months
(c) Exchange
(d) Actionable claim
147. I am tired as *I am working* since 7 O'clock in the morning.
(a) I was working
(b) I have been working
(c) I had been working
(d) I will be working

148. A hater of knowledge and learning:

- (a) Bibliophile
- (b) Philologist
- (c) Misogynist
- (d) Misologist

149. Animal that feeds on plants:

- (a) Carnivorous
- (b) Herbivorous

- (c) Insectivorous
- (d) Graminivorous

150. Find the correctly spelt word

- (a) Abeyence
- (b) Abayance
- (c) Abeyance
- (d) Abiyance